

More About Medical Care (continued)

- **The PTP will also decide** when you can return to work and may review your job description with you and your employer to define any limitations or restrictions that you may have when you go back to work. For a serious injury, the PTP will write reports about any permanent disability or need for future medical care.

You can be treated by your personal doctor immediately if you have health care coverage for non-work injuries or illnesses; the doctor has treated you before, has your medical records, and has agreed in advance to treat you for work injuries or illnesses; and you gave your employer the doctor's name and address in writing before the injury. This is called "predesignating a personal physician." If you decide to predesignate, the doctor must be someone who has limited his or her practice of medicine to general practice or be a board-certified or board-eligible internist, pediatrician, obstetrician-gynecologist, or family practitioner; or you can predesignate a multispecialty group of licensed doctors of medicine or osteopathy (M.D.s or D.O.s) that provides comprehensive medical services primarily for non-occupational injuries and illness. You can use the Pre-designation or Personal Physician form (Optional DWC Form 9783) included in this pamphlet to give your employer the necessary information. You can use the optional DWC Form 9783.1 to name a personal chiropractor or acupuncturist, but different rules apply, and you need to see an employer selected doctor first.

If your employer has an MPN, but you predesignated a personal physician prior to the injury, you may receive treatment immediately from that doctor. If your employer has an MPN but you did not predesignate a personal physician, a network doctor will generally be your PTP for the duration of treatment. For treatment other than emergency care, your claims administrator should direct you to an

MPN doctor for your first medical visit, though you may choose to be treated by another doctor in the network any time after your first visit. If you want to switch to a chiropractor or acupuncturist, including a personal chiropractor or personal acupuncturist named prior to the injury, he or she must be in the network. Different rules apply if you are in a workers' compensation Health Care Organization (HCO). If your employer offers and MPN or if you are in an HCO, your employer will provide additional information about the network and your rights under your plan.

- **Generally**, if you are not covered by an MPN and did not predesignate a personal physician, you can switch to your own doctor 30 days after the injury is reported. If you want to switch doctors before that, your claims administrator will give you a list of doctors to choose from. (different rules apply if you are in a HCO, so check with your claims administrator if that is the case.) If you want to change doctors for any reason, choose carefully, and if you want advice on specialists, talk to the claims adjuster who works for your claims administrator. They are as interested as you are in your prompt recovery and return to work and will help you get a different doctor.

- **In any event**, report your choice to the claims adjuster as soon as you make it so the bills will be paid for you. Even minor injuries may need expert care. Prompt, quality medical care is the best investment you and your employer can make.

Other Resources

Workers' compensation is sometimes confused with State Disability Insurance (SDI). They seem similar, but there are important differences. Workers' compensation insurance covers on-the-job injuries and illnesses and is paid for entirely by your employer. On the other hand, SDI covers off-the-job injuries or sickness, and is paid for by deductions

from your paycheck. If you are not receiving workers' compensation benefits, you may be able to get State Disability benefits. For information, call the local office of the state Employment Development Department listed at www.edd.ca.gov/disability/.

If you receive a Supplemental Job Displacement voucher, you may qualify for additional money from the Return to Work Supplemental Program. This program is administered by the California Department of Industrial Relations, so if you qualify, a check will be issued by the state, not the workers' compensation claims administrator, as this is not a workers' compensation benefit. For details on eligibility and how to apply, visit the Return to Work Supplement Program section of the Department of Industrial Relations web site at <http://www.dir.ca.gov/RTWSP/RTWSP.html> or contact the local DWC Information and Assistance office listed on the back of this pamphlet.

When a Work Injury or Illness Occurs

- 1. If emergency medical care is needed**, call 911 or go to the nearest emergency room.
- 2. Report injuries immediately** to your supervisor or employer representative at _____ (telephone). For non-emergency medical care go to the clinic or doctor's office that is listed below or on the workers' compensation poster at your worksite, or your employer may advise you on where to go for treatment. Your employer is also required to provide you with a claim form within one working day of learning of your injury, so ensure your rights to benefits by reporting every injury, no matter how slight, and request a claim form if it is more than a simple first-aid injury.

Your employer must notify the claims administrator and authorize medical treatment within one working day of receiving your claim form. Any delay in reporting an injury may delay workers'

compensation benefits and you could lose your right to benefits if your employer does not learn of your injury within 30 days of the injury date. If your injury or illness develops over time, report it as soon as you learn it was caused by your job. If a requested medical service is determined not medically necessary, you will receive information on how to appeal that decision, but if you choose to appeal do not delay because there is a deadline. If your claim or other benefits are denied, you have a right to challenge the decision at the Workers' Compensation Appeals Board (WCAB), but there are deadlines for filing necessary papers, so do not delay.

- 3. Call your claims administrator or employer representative** if you have questions or problems. It is illegal for an employer to fire or discriminate against you just because you file, intend to file, or settle a workers' compensation claim, or because you testify for a co-worker who was injured. If you prove this kind of discrimination, you will be entitled to job reinstatement, lost wages and increased benefits, plus costs and expenses up to a maximum set by state legislature.

Free help and information are available by contacting a Division of Workers' Compensation Information and Assistance Officer at: _____

OR (800) 736-7401 or www.dwc.ca.gov.

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: CALL 911

For nonemergency medical care, contact your employer and go to the following doctor/clinic:

Workers' Compensation Insurer: _____

Claims Administrator:

Name: _____

Telephone: _____

If your employer has an MPN, you can use the information below to get more details:

MPN website: _____

MPN effective date: _____

MPN ID #: _____

Facts About Workers' Compensation

Time of Hire Pamphlet

What is Covered by Workers' Compensation?

Any injury or illness is covered if it is due to your job. It can be caused by:

- 1. One event at work** – hurting your back in a fall
- 2. Repeated exposures at work** – hurting your wrist with repetitive motion over time
- 3. Workplace Crime** – physical or psychiatric injuries

Coverage is automatic and immediate. There is no qualifying period, no need to earn a certain amount in wages before you are covered... protection begins the first minute you are on the job.

Benefits can't start until the claims administrator knows of the injury, so report the injury and file the claim form with your employer as soon as possible. State law requires that within one working day of receiving a claim form employers authorize medical care consistent with applicable treatment guidelines for the injury. Employers may be liable for as much as \$10,000 in treatment until a claim is accepted or rejected. Delays in reporting may delay workers' compensation benefits, and you could lose your right to benefits if your employer does not learn of your injury within 30 days of the date of injury. If your injury or illness develops over time, report it as soon as you learn it was caused by your job. To ensure your right to benefits, report every injury, no matter how slight, and request a claim form if it's more than a minor injury requiring only first aid.

Workers' Compensation Fraud is a Crime

Any person who makes or causes to be made any knowingly false statement in order to obtain or deny workers' compensation benefits or payments is guilty of a felony. If convicted, the person will have to pay a fine up to \$150,000 and/or serve up to five years in jail.

What You Have to Do

If you have a work illness or injury, immediately notify your supervisor or call the phone number on the back of this pamphlet so you can get medical help right away. If it is more than a simple first-aid injury, your employer will give you a claim form so you can describe the injury and how, when and where it happened. To file a claim, complete the “Employee” section of the claim form, keep one copy and return the rest to your employer. Your employer will then complete the “Employer” section, give you a signed and dated copy of the form, keep one copy and send one to the claims administrator, the company that is responsible for handling your claim and notifying you about your eligibility for benefits.

Benefits

The California workers’ compensation law guarantees you three kinds of benefits:

- **All reasonable and necessary medical care** for your injury or illness... with no deductibles. Medical benefits may include treatment by a doctor, hospital services, lab tests, x-rays, physical therapy costs to and from appointments.
- **Workers’ compensation medical services** are subject to authorization for medical necessity and there are limits on the number of chiropractic, physical therapy and occupational therapy visits.
- **Tax-free payments** to help reduce lost wages while you are temporarily disabled. Additional payments are made if the injury causes a permanent disability or death.

If your injury or illness causes permanent disability that prevents you from returning to work and your employer does not offer appropriate modified or alternative work, you may be eligible for a supplemental job displacement benefit. This is a nontransferable voucher for up to \$6,000 for education related retraining and/or skill enhancement at state

approved schools, and other services and resources to help you get back to work.

Benefit Payments

- **Medical Care:** All medical bills for reasonable and necessary treatment will be paid directly by the claims administrator, so you should never receive a bill. The name and phone number are at the end of this pamphlet and are posted at your workplace.
- **Temporary Disability:** If you are unable to work for more than three days, including weekends, you are entitled to temporary disability (TD) payments to help replace your lost wages. About two weeks after reporting the injury, you will get a check from the claims administrator. You will continue to receive TD checks every two weeks after that until the doctor says you can return to work, or that your medical condition is “permanent and stationary.” (Payments will not be made for the first three days, however, unless you are hospitalized as an inpatient or unable to work more than 14 days.) The amount of these checks will be two-thirds of your average wage, subject to minimums and maximums set by the state legislature. It probably will not be the full amount of your regular paycheck, but there are no deductions and the payments are tax free. Under state law, TD payments for a single injury may not extend for more than 104 compensable weeks within five years from the date of injury, or for more than 240 weeks within five years from the date of injury for a few long-term injuries such as severe burns or chronic lung disease. If you reach the maximum TD payment period before you can return to work or before your medical condition becomes permanent and stationary, you may be able to obtain State Disability benefits through the California Employment Development Department (EDD). You also may be able to get these benefits if your TD is delayed or denied. There are time restrictions, however, so contact EDD at (800) 480-3287 or

www.edd.ca.gov for information on when and how to apply.

- **Permanent Disability:** If your injury or illness results in a permanent loss of physical or mental function that a doctor can measure, you may receive permanent disability payments. The amount depends on the doctor’s report, how much of the permanent disability was directly caused by your work, and factors such as your age, occupation, type of injury, and date of injury. The minimum and maximum amounts are set by state law, and vary by injury date, but if you have a permanent disability, your claims administrator will send you a letter explaining how the benefit was calculated. In general, the total amount is set at a weekly rate spread over a fixed number of weeks. The first payment is due within 14 days after the final temporary disability payment, or if you were not receiving temporary disability, 14 days after your doctor says your condition is permanent and stationary. After that, the benefit will be paid every 14 days until you reach the maximum or until you settle your case and receive a lump sum.
- **Death Benefits:** If the injury or illness causes death, payments may be made to individuals who were financially dependent on you. These benefits are set by state law and the amount depends on the number of dependents and the date of injury. Generally, the payments are made at the same rate as temporary disability payments; however, no payments will be less than \$224 per week. Workers’ compensation also provides a burial allowance.
- **Supplemental Job Displacement Benefit:** If the claims administrator receives a doctor’s report that you have recovered as much as possible from your job injury, and that you may have permanent disability, within 60 days you may receive a form with an offer of regular, modified or alternative work, your claims administrator has 20 days to provide you a Supplemental Job Displacement Benefit. This is a voucher

for up to \$6,000 that you can use for retraining or skill enhancement at a state accredited school, books, required tools, license or certification fees, or other resources that can help you find a new job. There are limits on how much can spend for some items, but if you qualify, you will receive a letter explaining what types of expenses are covered, the limits, documentation requirements, and deadlines for using this benefit.

If You Have Questions ...ask your supervisor or employer representative. Or contact the workers’ compensation claims administrator (the name and phone number are listed at the end of this pamphlet and are posted at your workplace).

Information prepared by the state for injured workers is also posted on the DWC website at www.dwc.ca.gov. In addition, you can contact an information and assistance officer at the State Division of Workers’ Compensation (DWC). Information and assistance officers are available at no charge to answer questions, review problems and provide additional written information about workers’ compensation. The local office is listed at the end of this pamphlet and posted at your work place. For a list of all information and assistance office throughout the state, or to hear recorded information, call (800) 736-7401.

More About Medical Care

Good medical care is important – to you, your family and your employer. Quality medical treatment is the quickest way to recovery.

- **If emergency medical care is needed,** immediately call 911 or go to the nearest hospital emergency room.
- **For non-emergency medical care,** notify your supervisor and to the clinic/doctor’s office listed on the back of this pamphlet or on the workers’ compensation poster at your worksite. If only first-aid is needed and it is available at your workplace, seek it

immediately. If it is more than a simple first-aid injury, ask your employer to file a claim for you.

- **To make sure your medical bills get paid** and you get all of your benefits, complete the “Employee” section of the claim form and return it to your employer as soon as possible. Employers must notify the claims administrator and authorize medical care within one working day of receiving a claim form, so get a signed and dated copy back from your employer and keep it with the other paperwork related to your claim.
- **Your claims administrator will arrange medical care** that meets the applicable treatment guidelines for the injury. The doctor, who may be a specialist for your type of injury, will be familiar with workers’ compensation requirements and will report promptly so your benefits can be paid.
- **Your employer may have a Medical Provider Network (MPN),** which is a network of health care providers who treat workers injured on the job. If so, MPN contact information can be found on the back of this pamphlet and on the workers’ compensation poster at your worksite. You can also request information on how to use the MPN by asking your employer, or by visiting the MPN website or calling the MPN phone number listed on this pamphlet or on the workers’ compensation website.
- **The doctor responsible for developing your treatment plan** and managing your care is your “primary treating physician” (PTP). Your PTP will also coordinate any care you receive from other medical providers. Workers’ compensation medical services are subject to authorization, and must meet the state’s treatment guidelines for the type of injury. If a medical service requested by your PTP or another provider is determined not medically necessary, you will receive information on how to appeal that decision, but if you choose to appeal do not delay as there is a deadline for doing so.